

TABLE 1: Female Deaths as Percent of Male Deaths per 100,000, from Selected Causes, and Associated Health Factors 1950-2010<sup>1</sup>

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>1950</u>	<u>1960</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>
All Causes	81.5	78.9	73.4	69.0	70.0	77.1	79.5
Cancer of the Trachea, Bronchea and Lung*	23.6	17.2	19.4	28.6	40.6	53.8	63.2

TABLE 2: Adult Female Smoking Rates, 1950-2010<sup>2</sup>

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>1950</u>	<u>1960</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>
Percent of Smoking Cigarettes, Females 18 Years and Older * Data for 1965	24.5	33.3*	31.5	29.3	22.8	21.0	16.4
Percent of Smoking Cigarettes, Males 18 Years and Older * Data for 1965	52.6	51.9*	44.1	37.6	28.4	21.0	16.4

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<sup>1</sup> Sources: CDC, NCHS [Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Health Statistics,] “Health, United States, 2010: With Special Feature on Death and Dying,” Hyattsville, MD (2011); CDC, NCHS, “Health, United States, 2013: With Special Feature on Prescription Drugs,” Hyattsville, MD (2014); “AHA Statistical Update Heart Disease and Stroke Statistics—2014 Update, *Circulation*, Journal of the American Heart Association (Dec. 18, 2013); cardiovascular disease percentages for 1950-1970 obtained from analogous CDC/NCHS data. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics: National Health Interview Survey 1965-2009, Analysis for 1997-2009 by the American Lung Association.

<sup>2</sup> “Vital Signs,” Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, “Current Smoking Among Adults Aged >18 Years, United States, 2005-2010;” Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, National Health Interview Survey, 1965-2009; Analysis for 1997-2009 by American Lung Association. “Appendix: Cigarette Smoking in the United States, 1950-1978,” Office of Smoking and Health, National Institutes of Health (1979).